

CARE INSTRUCTIONS

JACKSON-PRATT DRAINS

After surgery, you will have a drain(s) called a Jackson-Pratt (JP) drain. This device suctions and collects fluid from your surgical area. The drain promotes healing and recovery, and reduces the chance of infection. The drain will be in place until the drainage slows enough for your body to reabsorb fluid on its own. While you are hospitalized, the nursing staff will care for the drain and teach you how to continue doing so at home.

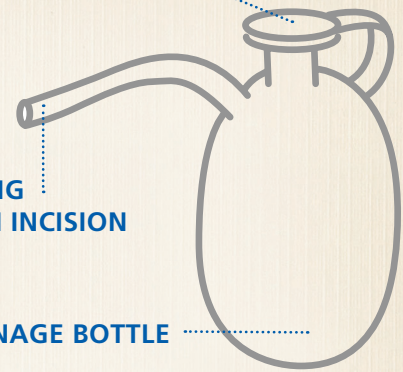
HOW TO EMPTY YOUR JP DRAIN:

1. Wash your hands thoroughly before emptying your drain(s).
2. Have the plastic measuring cup from the hospital ready to collect and measure the drainage.
3. Unpin the drain from your clothing.
4. Open the top of the drain. Turn the drain upside down and squeeze the contents of the bulb into the measuring cup. Be sure to empty the bulb as completely as possible.
5. Use the chart to record the amount of drainage twice a day or anytime the bulb is full. Record the total for 24 hours. If you have more than one drain, remember to record the drainage from each drain separately.
6. To prevent infection, do not let the stopper or top of the bottle touch the measuring cup or any other surface.
7. Use one hand to squeeze all of the air from the drain. With the drain still squeezed, use your other hand to replace the top. This creates the suction necessary to remove the fluids from your body.
8. Pin the drain back on your clothing to avoid pulling it out accidentally.
9. Wash your hands again. Remember to wash your hands before and after the procedure to reduce the risk of infection.

STOPPER (SEALED)

TUBING
FROM
INCISION

DRAINAGE BOTTLE



STOPPER (OPEN)



SQUEEZE AIR OUT
OF BOTTLE BEFORE
REATTACHING

(TO CREATE SUCKING PRESSURE)

