

# ROAD MAP OF CARE: CHILD TRAUMATIC STRESS IN CHILD ADVOCACY CENTERS (6 – 18 years of age)

Child or caregiver completes the Pediatric Traumatic Stress Screening Tool as part of a multidisciplinary evaluation for child abuse (see pages 33 – 36)

\*Traumatic experiences may include:

- Abuse
- Violence
- Serious accidents
- Natural disasters
- Medical trauma

FOLLOW the 3-step process		
<b>1</b>	<b>Report if required</b> (see page 18)	<b>3</b>
Call DCFS if child maltreatment suspected (1-855-323-3237).	<b>2</b> <b>Respond to suicide risk</b> (see page 19) If child reports thinking about being better off dead or of harming themselves in some way, use the <b>Columbia Suicide Severity Rating Scale (C-SSRS)</b> (see page 19). To further assess and respond to risk see Intermountain's <b>Suicide Prevention CPM</b> .	<b>Stratify response</b> (see page 20) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to the <b>Pediatric Traumatic Stress Screening Tool</b> to assess symptom severity (see pages 33 – 36).</li> <li>• Engage family about their treatment preferences.</li> <li>• Use stratification chart below to facilitate a referral.</li> </ul>

Page numbers refer to the [Pediatric Traumatic Stress Care Process Model](#)  
[intermountainphysician.org](http://intermountainphysician.org)  
(Tools and Resources)

Treatment Stratification		
Symptoms	Family preference?	Recommended response
<b>Severe symptoms</b> Score $\geq 21^{**}$	YES or NO	<b>Restorative Approach</b> Facilitate referral to Evidence-based Trauma Treatment (see page 21).
<b>Moderate symptoms</b> Score 11 – 20 <sup>**</sup>	YES NO	<b>Resilient Approach</b> Facilitate referral to Evidence-based Trauma Treatment (see page 21).
<b>Mild symptoms</b> Score $\leq 10^{**}$	YES NO	<b>Protective Approach</b> Facilitate referral to primary care for continued monitoring (see page 21)

\*\* Scores from the **Pediatric Traumatic Stress Screening Tool**. See page 17 for more information and pages 33-36 for copies of the screening tool.

TEACH a helpful response see (page 22)	
<b>Sleep problems</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sleep education</li> <li>• Belly breathing</li> <li>• Guided imagery</li> </ul>
<b>Hypervigilant / intrusive symptoms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Belly breathing</li> <li>• Guided imagery</li> <li>• Progressive muscle relaxation</li> <li>• Mindfulness</li> </ul>
<b>Avoidance / negative mood symptoms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Behavioral activation</li> <li>• Return to routine</li> <li>• Parent-child communication</li> </ul>

FOLLOW UP (see page 22)
Give a phone call to the family after 2–4 weeks, to check on follow through with referrals and/or primary care provider. This gives another opportunity for family support or problem-solving assistance
With permission, send a letter to the child's primary care provider: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low symptom letter (see page 38)</li> <li>• Moderate/high symptom letter (see page 39)</li> </ul>

Not intended to replace physician judgement with respect to individual variations and needs.

