

Colonoscopy Preparation Instructions: SuPrep

These instructions are for anyone who has constipation, takes opioids (narcotics), takes other medications like GLP agonists that keep your stomach full longer, or has had a poorly prepped colonoscopy in the past.

What is a colonoscopy “prep” and why is it important?

A “prep” is a process of using medication and fluids to empty your colon of all solid matter (poop). It is important to prep your colon so your doctor can see polyps or any areas of concern during the exam.



Expect to hear from your care team about 1 week before your procedure date. They will call again the day before your procedure with the time you need to arrive.

If you need to cancel or reschedule, PLEASE CALL the number in your email instructions AT LEAST 7 DAYS before the day of your procedure. This allows for another patient to be scheduled at that time.

What do I need to do to get ready?

- **Purchase your Suprep and supplies.** Do this at least 3 DAYS before your procedure is scheduled so that you can start your prep on time. You will also need to buy 4 simethicone (Gas-X) chewable or soft gels and at least three 17-gram packets of MiraLAX powder.
- **Ask about your medications.** If you are on blood thinners, have an implanted cardiac device (such as an AICD or pacemaker), or are being treated for diabetes, talk with your prescribing doctor before your procedure. Find out when to stop or how to adjust your blood thinning medications or insulin (if using) before the exam. If you have an implanted device, your doctor must approve your procedure.

Blood thinner medications include:

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| – Coumadin (Warfarin) | – Apixaban (Eliquis) |
| – Clopidigrel (Plavix) | – Dabigatran (Pradaxa) |
| – Prasugrel (Effient) | – Rivaroxaban (Xarelto) |



Make arrangements for the day of your exam.

- Plan to take time off from work. You will have loose bowel movements (poops) for 8 to 12 hours during your prep and will need to be close to a bathroom. Because you may be sleepy after the procedure, do not plan to operate any machinery, cook by yourself, or make any important decisions later that day.
- Arrange to have a responsible person drive you to and from your exam. You will not be allowed to travel alone in a taxi or ride service (such as Uber or Lyft) after your appointment.
- Expect your appointment to last 2 to 3 hours (total time). Your care team will let you know if there are any delays.
- Please do not bring young children with you, if possible. The time spent waiting can be stressful for them.
- Have someone stay with you for the rest of the day after the procedure to make sure you do not have any side effects from the procedure or anesthesia.

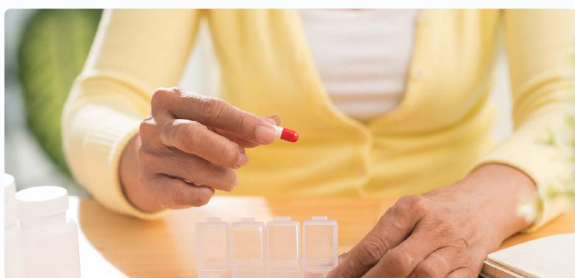
What do I need to do to get ready? (Continued)

3 days before your exam

- **Stop eating the following:** nuts, seeds, whole wheat bread, beans, corn, raw vegetables, or fruits with seeds or skin.
- **Don't take any fiber supplements.** They can make it harder to get a successful prep.

2 days before your exam

- **You may eat a small dinner.** Stop eating solid foods after 7:00 p.m.
- **Continue to drink clear liquids in the evening.** Clear liquids are liquids you can see through. They include apple juice; water; Sprite; Jell-O; coffee or tea (no creamer); clear chicken, beef or vegetable broth; clear sports drinks, or Crystal Light. **Avoid anything that contains red or purple dye.**
- **Do not drink milk or juice with pulp.**



Managing your medications

- **If you have diabetes,** test your blood sugar before coming in for your exam. Bring the reading with you. Do not take oral diabetes medications (pills) on the morning of your procedure unless your doctor says it is okay.
- **Take your usual medications** (example: thyroid pills) in the morning with a sip of water. Take them **at least 4 hours before** your procedure is scheduled to begin.
- **To manage irritation from the prep,** consider using a small amount of zinc oxide or Aquaphor around your bottom. Baby wipes may help as well.

1 day before your exam

- **Stop taking your water pills (diuretics), if using.** This includes Lasix (furosemide).
- **Drink only clear liquids all day.** Clear liquids are liquids you can see through. They include apple juice, water, Sprite, Jell-O, coffee or tea (no creamer), clear chicken, beef or vegetable broth, clear sports drinks, or Crystal Light. **Avoid anything that contains red or purple dye. Do not drink alcohol.**
- **Drink plenty of water** or other fluids to stay hydrated. **Do not have any red or purple liquids or Jell-O.**
- **At 5:00 p.m.:** Mix your Suprep according to the instructions on the package. Drink the first half of your prep with two 16-ounce containers of water. (The instructions can also be found here: <https://suprepkit.com/HowToPrep>)
- **At 9:00 p.m.:** Take 2 simethicone (Gas-X) pills with water.

On the day of your exam

- **6 hours before your procedure:** Take 2 simethicone tablets. Drink the second half of your prep with two 16-ounce containers of water. Be sure to finish all of your prep!
- **Do not eat any solid food until after your procedure.** You may only have the liquid prep solution and approved medications with sips of water the morning of the procedure. You may have water or sips of clear liquid up until 2 hours before your procedure arrival time.
- **Do not eat or drink anything during the 2 hours before your procedure arrival time.** Your stomach must be completely empty to stay safe during your procedure.

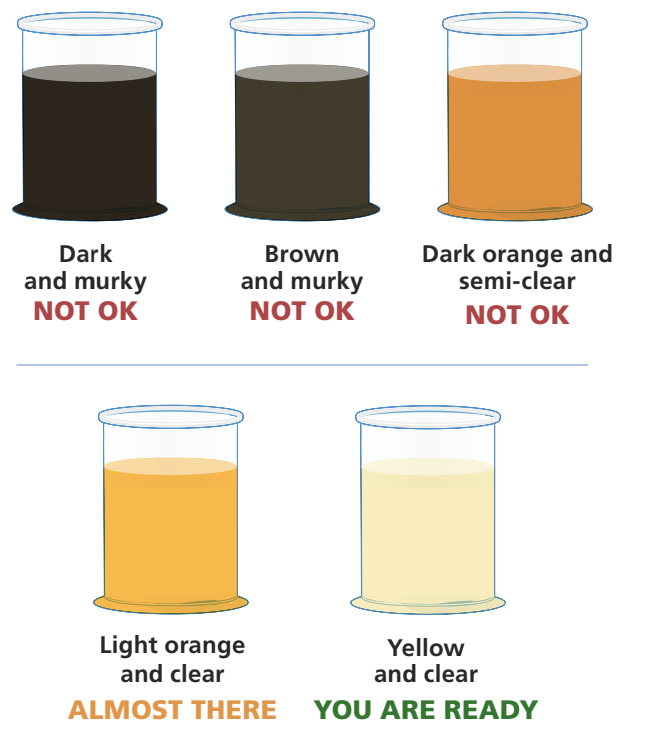
What should I bring to my appointment?

- Bring the following items with you:
 - Your insurance card and photo ID
 - Any completed forms, if assigned
 - Your glasses, hearing aids, and inhaler, if you use one
 - A current list of all medications you are taking and the dosages. Include all prescriptions, over-the-counter medicines, patches, inhalers, injections, herbal remedies, and vitamin supplements.
- Leave your valuables at home. This includes all jewelry (including wedding rings) and tongue piercings.
- Wear comfortable clothing that is easy to take on and off.

If you are a female of child-bearing age, you may be asked to provide a urine sample to check for pregnancy. If you are pregnant, talk with your provider about whether you need this procedure.

How do I know if my prep was successful?

You will know that your prep was successful if your bowel movements are watery and clear like urine (pee). If they continue to be brown or they still contain solid matter within 2 hours before your appointment, call the clinic.



Notes